

DAILY SCHEDULE

Level

:Int Intermediate		te Functi	on(s): Discuss time u	dule Gra	Grade(s): 5			
WE	EEKLY PLA	NNER						
		Day One	Day Two	Day Three	Day Four	Student partners will be able to use vocabulary and forms from the week in order to discuss time using clocks and schedule.		
Stud use_	laily Objective Idents will be able to (topic vocabulary or tern) in order to (language use)	Students will be able to use time words in order to answer questions about everyday activities.	Students will be able to <u>use</u> adverbs without -ly in order to answer questions about past actions.	Students will be able to use adverb phrases (during, while) in order to discuss routine activities.	Students will be able to use the conditional form in order to tell what they will be doing.			
1. \ 2.	Focus Vocabulary Language Patterns Taking it to Application	□ X1 □ X2 □ 3	□ X1 □ X2 □ 3	□ X1 □ X2 □ 3	□ X1 □ X2 □ 3	□ X1 □ X2 √ 3		
Ø	Grammatical Forms to help determine the "mortar" patterns	Questions with what, when, do	Past tense	During, while, adverb phrases	Conditional form	From days 1-4		
Language Patterns "Mortar" See ELD Matrix and Tab 3 Function Tools	Patterns for Prompts	Excuse me. Do you know what time it is? Do you know when our appointment is? When do we <i>eat snack</i> ?	What were you doing yesterday at 1:00 in the afternoon? What were you doing at 7:30 last night? What were you doing at 8:00 this morning?	What did you do <i>during</i> recess (<i>while</i> at school)? How late did you sleep on Saturdays?	If it is <u>time</u> , what will you be doing? What are you doing if it is <u>time</u> ?	Use frames from days 1-4 to answer questions about a class created schedule for a School day.		
	Patterns for Responses	Yes, it is 3:00. Sorry, I don't have a watch. Yes, it's at <u>time</u> . We <u>activity</u> at <u>time</u> .	I was <u>activity</u> yesterday at 1:00 in t he afternoon. I was <u>activity</u> at 7:30 last night. I was <u>activity</u> at 8:00 this morning.	I during/while I played during recess. While I'm at school I I while I am at school.	If it is _ <u>time</u> , I will be activity during I will be activity during, if it is time.	Use frames from days 1-4 to answer questions about a class created schedule for a school day.		
Topic Specific Vocabula "Bricks" (1.26-1.28)		O'clock, hour, minute, Activities: recess, lunch, practice basketball, homework, sleep	A.M., P.M. midnight, noon, afternoon, morning, evening, activities from Day 1	early, late, before, after, during, while, for, activities from Day 1	Idioms: give me a minute, in a second Plus previous days' vocabulary	From previous days.		
How will least 5How will	ctured Language Practice (Tab 4) Il students produce language - at 0% of lesson? I you gather evidence at learning?	Sentence frames with movable index cards to change the times. Group game.	Sentence frames with movable index cards to change the times and activities. Lines of communication.	Sentence frames with movable index cards to change the times and activities. Lines of communication.	Sentence frames with movable index cards to change the times and activities. Group game.	Sentence frames with movable index cards to change the months, days, and activities.		
	Materials , Routines for Teaching d Practicing (Tab 4)	Chart paper, pens, index cards, painters' tape, analog clock with movable hands	Chart paper, pens, index cards, painters' tape, analog clock with movable hands,	Chart paper, pens, index cards, painters' tape, analog clock with movable hands,	Chart paper, pens, index cards, painters' tape, analog clock with movable hands	Chart paper, pens, index cards, painters' tape, planner, appt. book		



DAILY SCHEDULE

	Opening: Bring to Life & State Objective	I Do It Model New Language	I/We Do It Model and Monitor Practice	You Do It: Structured Independent Practice	Wrap-Up & Reflection
	3 -6 minutes	5 -7 minutes	8-12 minutes	10 – 15 minutes	3 - 5 minutes
Day One	Show students a large analog clock. Show minute and hour hands.	Elicit and teach daily routine activities. Model questions and responses by reading the sentence frame charts aloud. Explain as necessary.	Students chant frames with teacher. My turn, your turn using sentence frames using an A:A, B:B format.	Table Partner Practice In groups of four, using sentence frame prompts will practice questions and responses.	Using fair sticks have partners share out question and responses off of the chart with sentence frames.
Day Two	Review activities and frames from day 1. Show students pictures of four different activities from the Carousel Kit1 (school lunch, recess, getting ready in the AM, classroom) Say "At 7:00 in the morning I was getting ready for school". Repeat with other pictures.	Teach past tense verbs for activities. Model new prompts and responses. Review previous days' sentence frames. Explain that many of us do similar activities at similar times of the day. For example "At 10:00 P.M., I was sleeping." Or "At 8:00 in the morning, I was at school." Go over the sentence prompts for today's lesson.	Use choral response strategy. My turn, your turn using sentence frames using an A:A, B:B format. Change times and activities using a bank of pre- made index cards and painters tape to give a variety of questions and responses, and provide many opportunities to practice the sentence structure.	Lines of Communication Students will each have index cards with a prompt for a questions and a prompt for a response.	Randomly choose partners in the "Lines of Communication" line to share out their question and responses. As many as time will allow!
Day Three	Review previous days' sentence frames. Choose four different activity picture cards from	Using past tense activities teach during / while and the new sentence frames. Review previous days' sentence frames and activities	My turn, your turn using sentence frames using an A:A, B:B format. Change times and activities using a bank of premade index cards listing times and activities, and painters tape	Lines of Communication Students will each have index cards with a prompt for a questions and a prompt for a response, as on Day 2.	Partners in the "Lines of Communication" line to share out their question and responses. Ensure

DAILY SCHEDULE

		Carousel Kit 1, and ask "What time do you think it might be?	vocabulary. Explain that many of us do activities at the same time as something else is going on. For example "I ate snack during recess." "I read my book while I waited for my turn." Go over the sentence prompts for today's lesson. Use choral response strategy.	to give a variety of questions and responses, and provide many opportunities to practice the sentence structure.		that those who did not share yesterday do today. As many as time will allow!
	Day Four	Review pictures of different activities from the Carousel Kit1 used in the previous days. Say "If it is 7:00 in the morning, what am I doing?" Model answer "If it is 7:00 in the morning, I am getting ready for school". Repeat with other pictures.	Review previous days' sentence frames. Review that many of us do similar activities at similar times of the day. Use question frame "What will you be doing if it is <u>time</u> ?" Practice frames using "If it is <u>time</u> , I will be <u>activity</u> " example "If it is <u>6:00 P.M.</u> , I will be <u>doing homework</u> ." Or "If it is <u>8:00 in the morning</u> , I will <u>be at school</u> ." Use choral response strategy.	After echo response practice of the frames, have the students practice the frames with their shoulder partner. Have bank of times and activities from the previous day available for students to reference. Each student should practice question and responses at least five times with their partner.	Card game in groups of four. Stack of about 40 cards. Pairs will follow this pattern: sentence (It is 3:00. and clock picture) match with action sentence (If it is 3:00, I will be doing homework.)	Using fair sticks have partners share out picture and responses from the card game.
i	Day Five	There are many other words that can give us clues about time that we have not used yet can anyone give me a guess?	Have samples of planners, schedules, appointment books. Use an outline of a schedule to create a schedule for a typical school day. Using previous days' sentence frames, use echo response to ask and answer questions about the activities and the time that they occur.	As day before: After echo response practice of the frames, have the students practice the frames with their shoulder partner. Have bank of activities and events from the previous days available for students to reference.	Think, pair share, pair write a schedule of a day's events giving specific times.	Have partners orally share their schedules with two other table pairs.

ONGOING ASSESSMENT OF LANGUAGE PRACTICE

Directions: List target grammatical form(s) below. As you monitor target language practice, note whether student is:

Unable to produce language = 0 Able to produce language using scaffolds = — Able to produce language independently = I

Teacher: A. Vasquez Language Function: Discuss time using clocks and calendars ELD Level(s): Intermediate	Asks "What time is it?"	Do you know what time it is?"	It is o'clock.	"I'm sorry. I don't have a watch"	I was at oʻclock.	Adverb phrases:, during, while	Conditional form: if it is I will be				
Date:											
1.											
2.											
3.											
4.											
5.											
6.											
7.											
8.											
9.											
10.											
11.											
12.											
13.											
14.											
15.											